# Reg. No.

## III Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, December 2018 Chemistry (CBCS : 2016-17 Syllabus) (New Syllabus) ANALYTICAL AND GREEN CHEMISTRY (Open Elective)

Time: 3 Hours

*Note* : Answer Part **A** and **any four** questions from Part **B**.

### PART - A

- 1. Answer **all** the following sub-questions :
  - a) State the Beer-Lambert law and explain its limitations.
  - b) Explain the deshielding in NMR spectroscopy with an example.
  - c) How do you identify the ketones and aldehydes by IR?
  - d) Define standard water quality.
  - e) What is reverse osmosis ?
  - f) Write the reactions involved in Winkhr's method of DO determination.
  - g) What are ionic liquids ? Give their uses in organic synthesis.
  - h) Suggest the suitable green condition for the following conversion and justify. Ph  $Ph' \xrightarrow{?} N=N$ Ph' Ph' Ph' Ph

i) Predict the product in following reaction.  
Ph – NH<sub>2</sub> + CHCl<sub>3</sub> + NaOH 
$$\xrightarrow{PhCH_2-\overset{\odot}{N}HEt_3 \overset{\odot}{Cl}}$$
?

PART – B

Answer any four full questions :

- 2. a) State Woodward-Fieser rules to determine  $\lambda_{max}$  for conjugated dienes.
  - b) Discuss the various electronic transition encountered in organic molecules.

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Max. Marks: 70

**CHE 506** 

(9×2=18)

 $(4 \times 13 = 52)$ 

**CHE 506** 

c) An organic compound with molecular formula C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O<sub>2</sub> exhibits the following spectral data :
 IR (cm<sup>-1</sup>) : 1745, 1225

UV (λ<sub>max</sub>) : 268 nm <sup>1</sup>H NMR (δ) : 1.96 (s, 3H), 5.00 (s, 2H), 6.68 (s, 5H) Mass : m/e 92 (base peak) (4+4+5=13)

- 3. a) Define the term 'chemical shift' in NMR spectroscopy. List out the factors affecting this.
  - b) Deduce the structure of organic compound containing ester group from the following data : Molecular formula :  $C_6H_{10}O_4$ , <sup>1</sup>H NMR data :  $\delta$ 1.5 (d, 3H) ;  $\delta$  2.1 (s, 6H) ;  $\delta$  6.8 (q, 1H).
  - c) Explain the application of functional group frequencies in IR spectroscopy. (4+5+4=13)
- 4. a) What is residual chlorine ? Explain its role in water treatment.
  - b) Discuss alkalinity and hardness of water.
  - c) Write a brief account of treatment of liquid radioactive waste. (5+5+3=13)
- 5. a) Discuss the chemistry of sea water.
  - b) How is BOD of water sample determined ?
  - c) Discuss the measurements of colour and turbidity of water. (4+5+4=13)
- 6. a) Discuss the selectivity of crown ethers with suitable examples.
  - b) Mention the product with mechanism in the following reaction under solid phase condition.



c) Explain the advantage of the sonication and predict the product of the following reaction.

OSi 
$$(CH_3)_3$$
  
 $\xrightarrow{Zn-Cu} CH_{2l_2}$ ? (4+4+5=13)

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7. a) Discuss the mechanism of thiamine catalyzed acylation of the following reaction.



- b) Enumerate the significance of microwave synthesis and highlight its limitations.
- c) Give the Claisen product with mechanism of the following reaction.

(5+5+3=13)

